

HIV-AIDS is still a daily reality for
LGBTQI people.

LGBTQI people have a very good level of knowledge on HIV-AIDS

LGBTQI phobia and criminalisation
make it more difficult for LGBTQI
people to access healthcare

MSM who don't identify as gays are
not part of the LGBTQI community

HIV prevention, treatments and
research programmes for LGBTQI
people are under-funded

LGBTQI organisations don't do HIV
work because they lack the
capacities (training, experience) to
do so

Discrimination puts LGBTQI people
more at risk of HIV infection

HIV-AIDS organisations should
include human rights on their
agenda

LGBTQI and HIV organisations are
not inclusive of the diversity of
LGBTQI communities

LGBTQI PLHIV are stigmatised in
society because of their LGBTQI
identity

HIV organisations should work on
health issues only and LGBTQI
organisations should only do human
rights work

Sexual and affective education
covering same-sex sexual relations
would decrease HIV-AIDS
transmission

People who reject their LGBTQI identify (« internalised homo-trans-negativity ») are more at risk of getting HIV infected.

LGBTQI PLHIV are stigmatised
within LGBTQI organisations

LGBTQI organisations are reluctant to work on HIV-AIDS because they find it stigmatising

LGBTQI organisations should link up more with HIV-AIDS organisations.